

TITLE OF THE INVENTION

PROCESS, SYSTEM AND COMPUTER READABLE MEDIUM FOR
IN-STORE PRINTING OF RAINCHECKS FOR DISCOUNT COUPONS AND/OR
OTHER PURCHASING INCENTIVES IN A RETAIL STORE

5 CROSS REFERENCES TO RELATED APPLICATIONS

The present invention is related to commonly owned U.S. Patent Numbers 4,723,212;
4,910,672; 5,173,851; and 5,612,868, U.S. Patent Application Serial Number 08/663,680,
filed on June 14, 1996, and U.S. Patent Application Attorney Docket Number 7791-0050-25,
filed on January 6, 1999, all of which are incorporated herein by reference.

10 BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTIONField of the Invention:

This invention relates generally to interconnected computer systems and, more
particularly, to computer systems used in a retail store environment.

Discussion of Background:

15 FIG. 1 shows a conventional retail store environment, including a store point-of-sale
(POS) controller 10, a store point-of-sale loop (POS loop) 12, and multiple cash registers or
point-of-sale terminals 14, two of which are shown. The store POS controller 10
communicates with the cash registers 14 through the store POS loop 12, which is a data bus
that extends through the store from one cash register 14 to the next and to which all the cash
20 registers 14 and the store POS controller 10 are connected. The store POS controller 10 has
associated database files (not shown) for storing data pertaining to store activities, such as an
item record file defining the items available for sale in the store.

The inventors have recognized a difficulty with the configuration shown in FIG. 1 which is that this configuration does not support supplemental functions, such as in-store printing of discount coupons and/or other purchasing incentives, reading and processing coupons brought to the store by customers, and reading other coded items at the point-of-sale, such as bank cards, customer loyalty cards, such as frequent shopper cards, credit cards, and checks, etc. In addition, when a particular item having discount coupons and/or other purchasing incentives associated therewith is not in stock, this configuration does not support in-store printing of a "raincheck." A raincheck allows the customer to exercise the discount coupons and/or other purchasing incentives at a time in the future when the item is in stock.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

Accordingly, one object of this invention is to provide a novel process, system and computer readable medium for providing in-store printing of rainchecks for discount coupons and/or other purchasing incentives.

The above and other objects are achieved according to the present invention by providing a new and improved system, process and computer readable medium for providing in-store printing of rainchecks for purchasing incentives associated with items subject to rainchecks, including an incentive processor for storing a plurality of purchasing incentives corresponding to a plurality of item identifiers for items subject to rainchecks; at least one incentive printer; an incentive processor bus coupling the incentive processor to the at least one incentive printer; a point-of-sale (POS) controller; at least one cash register; and a POS bus coupling the POS controller, the at least one cash register, and the incentive processor. A respective cash register of the at least one cash register is configured to receive data defining

an item identifier for an item that is subject to a raincheck. One of the POS controller and the respective cash register is configured to transmit the data defining the item identifier for the item that is subject to the raincheck over the POS bus to the incentive processor. The incentive processor is configured to generate raincheck information including at least one purchasing incentive in response to receipt of the data defining the item identifier for the item subject to the raincheck, the plurality purchasing incentives, and the plurality of item identifiers. The incentive processor is configured to transmit the raincheck information to a respective incentive printer of the at least one incentive printer over the incentive processor bus. The respective incentive printer is configured to print a raincheck including the at least one purchasing incentive in response to receipt of the raincheck information received from the incentive processor.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

A more complete appreciation of the invention and many of the attendant advantages thereof will be readily obtained as the same becomes better understood by reference to the following detailed descriptions when considered in connection with the accompanying drawings, wherein:

FIG. 1 is block diagram of a conventional computer interconnection architecture of a retail store environment;

FIG. 2 is a block diagram of a computer interconnection architecture of a retail store environment of FIG. 1, supplemented with additional components to handle various additional functions at a point-of-sale (POS);

FIG. 3 is a top level flow chart illustrating a process for generating rainchecks for

discount coupons and/or other purchasing incentives according to the present invention.

FIG. 4 is an illustration of a raincheck list used for in-store printing of rainchecks for discount coupons and/or other purchasing incentives according to the present invention; and

FIG. 5 is a detailed flow chart illustrating a process for in-store printing of rainchecks for discount coupons and/or other purchasing incentives according to the present invention.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

Point-of-sale (POS) computer systems in stores have been supplemented with additional components to handle such functions as in-store printing of discount coupons and/or other purchasing incentives, reading and processing coupons brought to the store by customers, and reading other coded items at the point-of-sale, such as bank cards, customer loyalty cards, such as frequent shopper cards, credit cards, and checks, etc. For example, commonly owned U.S. Patent Numbers 4,723,212; 4,910,672; 5,173,851; and 5,612,868, U.S. Patent Application Serial Number 08/663,680, filed on June 14, 1996, and U.S. Patent Application Attorney Docket Number 7791-0050-25, filed on January 6, 1999, disclose systems for generating discount coupons in response to various sales transaction events detected at the point-of-sale.

Referring now to the drawings, wherein like reference numerals designate identical or corresponding parts throughout the several views, and more particularly to FIG. 2 thereof, there is illustrated a computer system architecture intended for use in a retail store environment, and particularly for use in applications that supplement the normal functions of a point-of-sale computer system.

FIG. 2 shows relevant portions of a store point-of-sale system, including a store point-

of-sale (POS) controller, indicated by reference numeral 10, a store point-of-sale loop (POS loop) 12, and multiple cash registers 14, two of which are shown. The store POS controller 10 communicates with the cash registers 14 through the store POS loop 12, which is a data bus that extends through the store from one cash register to the next. The store POS controller 10 has associated database files (not shown) for storing data pertaining to store activities, such as an item record file defining the items available for sale in the store. A supplemental processor 16 is provided and performs supplemental processing functions, such as in-store generation of discount coupons and other purchase incentives, etc. The supplemental processor 16 is connected to the store POS loop 12 and can monitor POS operations taking place at the various cash registers 14. The supplemental processor 16 is coupled to a database 16' for storing consumers' shopping history which may be used in selecting discount coupons and other purchase incentives, etc. to be generated. Each cash register 14 in such a system has an associated coupon printer 18. However, it will be appreciated that each coupon printer 18 or cash register 14 could include a "dual station" printer function for printing both discount coupons and receipts. When a consumer purchases certain designated items and presents them for purchase at the cash register 14, the supplemental processor 16 may generate discount coupons conditioned on the items purchased and other factors, such as the consumer's shopping history stored in database 16' and associated with a personal-identification-number (PIN) of the consumer. Thus, the supplemental processor 16 is connected to each of the coupon printers 18, as shown by broken lines 20.

The supplemental processor 16 may also be connected to other peripheral devices associated with each cash register 14. For example, each cash register 14 may have an

associated wedge 22. A wedge is a data input device that decodes or reads data, such as bar code data or data from magnetically encoded cards, such as bank cards, customer loyalty cards, such as frequent shopper cards, credit cards, etc. The wedge 22 communicates the decoded information through a keyboard port on a computer associated with each cash register 14. Typically, the wedge device 22 plugs into the computer keyboard port, and the keyboard plugs into the wedge. In some POS functions, a consumer's card, such as bank card, customer loyalty card, such as frequent shopper card, credit card, etc., having a unique consumer identifier, such as a personal-identification-number (PIN) encoded therein, is scanned in the wedge device 22 and the information is used by the supplemental processor 16 when recording purchase transactions to the consumer's shopping history associated with the PIN in the database 16'. The wedges 22 are connected to the supplemental processor 16 through another set of lines, indicated by the broken lines 24.

In addition, the configuration shown in FIG. 2 may be supplemented to support in-store printing of rainchecks for discount coupons and/or other purchasing incentives for items that are not in stock. It is noted that providing in-store printing of rainchecks for the discount coupons and/or other purchasing incentives for items that are not currently in stock, allows consumers to receive the benefit of the discount coupons and/or other purchasing incentives when the items are later in stock.

FIG. 3 is a top level flow chart illustrating a process for generating rainchecks for discount coupons and/or other purchasing incentives according to the present invention. In FIG. 3, at step S2 a retailer identifies offers (e.g., discount coupons and/or other purchasing incentives) for products that are to be guaranteed with rainchecks if the products are out of stock. At step S4, the retailer assigns pre-set price look-up (PLU) codes for each identified

offer. The retailer, at step S6, generates a raincheck order form, for example, using an Excel™ spreadsheet, etc., and including the raincheck layout and the assigned PLU codes.

At step S8, the retailer transmits the form, for example, via email, etc., to a raincheck processing site having access to databases 16' at the retail store. The raincheck processing site then updates the database 16' with the raincheck information via the supplemental processor 16 at step S10. At step S12, the raincheck processing site transmits an approval form, for example, via email, etc., to the retailer which the retailer signs and returns to the raincheck processing site, for example, via email, etc., at step S7.

The retailer or raincheck processing site, at step S16, then generates a raincheck list to be used by the cashiers and including preassigned price look-up (PLU) codes for products subject to rainchecks. At step S18, the retailer displays for customers the offers for the products subject to rainchecks. Then at step S20, when a customer request a raincheck for a product not in stock, at step S22, the cashier enters the corresponding PLU code for the product not in stock at the cash register 14. At step S24, the raincheck is printed on the coupon printer 18 and is handed to the customer and a dated record of the printing of the raincheck and corresponding PLU code for the product not in stock is stored in the database 16' as a printed raincheck list.

At step S26, the customer redeems the raincheck for the product not in stock when the product is later in stock. Weekly reports listing rainchecks printed according to PLU codes are generated based on the printed raincheck list stored in the database 16'.

According to the present invention, rainchecks are printed at the coupon printers 18 of a retail store based on preassigned price look-up (PLU) codes for items subject to rainchecks. The PLU codes for items subject to rainchecks and the discount coupons and/or other

5 purchasing incentives associated therewith (i.e., offers) are stored in the database 16'. A
raincheck list is printed and provided at each cash register 14 and includes the PLU codes and
descriptions for the items subject to rainchecks. When a cashier enters a PLU code for an
item not in stock from the raincheck list at a cash register 14, this information is transmitted
to the supplemental processor 16. The supplemental processor 16 then generates raincheck
information based on the PLU code for the item not in stock, and the discount coupons and/or
other purchasing incentives associated therewith that are stored in the database 16'. The
raincheck information is then transmitted to the a coupon printer 18 which prints the
raincheck based on the received raincheck information. It should be noted that the printed
raincheck may be in the form of (i) a token enabling a customer to purchase an item not in
stock when the item is in stock and at the price when the item was not in stock, and/or (ii) a
discount coupon enabling a customer to purchase an item not in stock when the item is in
stock and at a discounted price.

FIG. 4 is an illustration of a raincheck list 26 used for in-store printing at a retail store
of rainchecks for discount coupons and/or other purchasing incentives associated with items
subject to rainchecks. In FIG. 4, the raincheck list 26 includes price look-up (PLU) codes 28
and corresponding descriptions 30 for the items subject to rainchecks. When cashiers enter
PLU codes from the raincheck list 26 for items subject to rainchecks at the cash registers 14,
rainchecks for discount coupons and/or other purchasing incentives associated with the items
subject to rainchecks are automatically printed at the coupon printers 18.

The process for providing in-store printing of rainchecks for discount coupons and/or
other purchasing incentives for items that are not currently in stock will now be explained
with reference to the flow chart shown in FIG. 5. In FIG. 5, at step S32, a customer requests

associated with the item and/or additional discount coupons and/or other purchasing incentives for the item based on the fact that a raincheck had to be issued for the item. In this way, the additional discount coupons and/or other purchasing incentives for the item may be generated to help to make up for any inconvenience to the customer for the item being out of stock. Accordingly, it should be noted that the printed raincheck may be in the form of (i) a token enabling a customer to purchase an item not in stock when the item is in stock and at the price when the item was not in stock, and/or (ii) a discount coupon enabling a customer to purchase an item not in stock when the item is in stock and at a discounted price.

It will be appreciated from the foregoing that the present invention represents a significant advance in the field of retail store computer systems. In particular, the invention provides in-store printing of rainchecks for discount coupons and/or other purchasing incentives associated with an item that is currently not in stock in a retail store.

The mechanisms and processes set forth in the present description may be implemented using a conventional general purpose microprocessor (e.g., the supplemental processor 16 and the store POS controller 10) programmed according to the teachings in the present specification (e.g., FIGs. 3 and 5), as will be appreciated to those skilled in the relevant art(s). Appropriate software coding can readily be prepared by skilled programmers based on the teachings of the present disclosure, as will also be apparent to those skilled in the relevant art(s). However, as will be readily apparent to those skilled in the art, this invention may also be implemented by the preparation of application-specific integrated circuits or by interconnecting an appropriate network of conventional component circuits.

The present invention thus also includes a computer-based product which may be hosted on a storage medium and include instructions which can be used to program a

microprocessor to perform processes in accordance with the present invention. This storage medium can include, but is not limited to, any type of disk including floppy disks, optical disks, CD-ROMs, magneto-optical disks, ROMs, RAMs, EPROMs, EEPROMs, flash memory, magnetic or optical cards, or any type of media suitable for storing electronic instructions.

Obviously, numerous modifications and variations of the present invention are possible in light of the above teachings. It is therefore to be understood that within the scope of the appended claims, the invention may be practiced otherwise than as specifically described herein.